

## 1.0 Configuration and Deployment

- Given a scenario, analyze system requirements to ensure successful system deployment.
  - Appropriate commands, structure, tools, and automation/orchestration as needed
  - · Platforms and applications
  - Interaction of cloud components and services
    - Network components

- Application components
- Storage components
- Compute components
- Security components
- Interaction of non-cloud components and services

- Baselines
- Target hosts
- Existing systems
- · Cloud architecture
- Cloud elements/target objects
- Given a scenario, execute a provided deployment plan.
- Apply the Change Management Process
  - Approvals
  - Scheduling
- Refer to documentation and follow standard operating procedures
- Execute workflow

- Configure automation and orchestration, where appropriate, for the system being deployed
- · Use commands and tools as needed
- Document results
- Given a scenario, analyze system requirements to determine if a given testing plan is appropriate.
  - Underlying environment considerations included in the testing plan
    - Shared components
      - Storage
      - Compute
      - Network
    - Production vs. development vs. QA
    - Sizing

- Performance
- High availability
- Connectivity
- Data integrity
- Proper function
- Replication
- Load balancing
- Automation/orchestration

- Testing techniques
  - Vulnerability testing
  - Penetration testing
  - Load testing

- Given a scenario, analyze testing results to determine if the testing was successful in relation to given system requirements.
  - Consider success factor indicators of the testing environment
    - Sizing
    - Performance
    - Availability
    - Connectivity
    - Data integrity
    - Proper functionality

- Document results
- Baseline comparisons
- · SLA comparisons
- Cloud performance fluctuation variables

- Given a scenario, analyze sizing, subnetting, and basic routing for a provided deployment of the virtual network.
  - Cloud deployment models
    - Public
    - Private
    - Hybrid
    - Community
  - Network components
  - Applicable port and protocol considerations when extending to the cloud
- Determine configuration for the applicable platform as it applies to the network
  - VPN
  - IDS/IPS
  - DMZ
  - VXLAN
  - Address space required

- Network segmentation and micro-segmentation
- Determine if cloud resources are consistent with the SLA and/or change management requirements

- Given a scenario, analyze CPU and memory sizing for a provided deployment.
  - · Available vs. proposed resources
    - CPU
    - RAM
  - · Memory technologies
    - Bursting and ballooning
    - Overcommitment ratio
  - CPU technologies
    - Hyperthreading
    - VT-x
    - Overcommitment ratio

- Effect to HA/DR
- · Performance considerations
- Cost considerations
- · Energy savings
- Dedicated compute environment vs. shared compute environment



- Given a scenario, analyze the appropriate storage type and protection capability for a provided deployment.
  - Requested IOPS and read/ write throughput
  - Protection capabilities
    - High availability
      - Failover zones
    - Storage replication
      - Regional
      - Multiregional
      - Synchronous and asynchronous
    - Storage mirroring
    - Cloning
    - Redundancy level/factor

- · Storage types
  - NAS
  - DAS
  - SAN
  - Object storage
- Access protocols
- · Management differences
- · Provisioning model
  - Thick provisioned
  - Thin provisioned
  - Encryption requirements
  - Tokenization

- Storage technologies
  - Deduplication technologies
  - Compression technologies
- Storage tiers
- · Overcommitting storage
- Security configurations for applicable platforms
  - ACLs
  - Obfuscation
  - Zoning
  - User/host authentication and authorization
- Given a scenario, analyze characteristics of the workload (storage, network, compute) to ensure a successful migration.
  - Migration types
    - P2V
    - V2V
    - V2P
    - P2P
    - Storage migrations
    - Online vs. offline migrations
- Source and destination format of the workload
  - Virtualization format
  - Application and data portability
- Network connections and data transfer methodologies
- Standard operating procedures for the workload migration

- · Environmental constraints
  - Bandwidth
  - Working hour restrictions
  - Downtime impact
  - Peak timeframes
  - Legal restrictions
  - Follow-the-sun constraints/time zones
- Given a scenario, apply elements required to extend the infrastructure into a given cloud solution.
  - · Identity management elements
    - Identification
    - Authentication
    - Authorization
      - Approvals
      - Access policy
    - Federation
      - Single sign-on
  - Appropriate protocols given requirements

- Element considerations to deploy infrastructure services such as:
  - DNS
  - DHCP
  - Certificate services
  - Local agents
  - Antivirus
  - Load balancer
  - Multifactor authentication
  - Firewall
  - IPS/IDS

