



• 4.0 Linux Troubleshooting and Diagnostics

4.1 Given a scenario, analyze system properties and remediate accordingly.

- Network monitoring and configuration
 - Latency
 - Bandwidth
 - Throughput
 - Routing
 - Saturation
 - Packet drop
 - Timeouts
 - Name resolution
 - Localhost vs. Unix socket
 - Adapters
 - RDMA drivers
 - Interface configurations
 - Commands
 - nmap
 - netstat
 - iftop
 - route
 - iperf
 - tcpdump
 - ipset
- Wireshark
 - tshark
- Storage monitoring and configuration
 - iostat
 - ioping
 - IO scheduling
 - cfq
 - noop
 - deadline
- CPU monitoring and configuration
 - /proc/cpuinfo
 - uptime
 - loadaverage
 - sar
 - sysctl
- Memory monitoring and configuration
 - swapon
 - swapoff
 - mkswap
 - vmstat
 - Out of memory killer
 - free
 - /proc/meminfo
 - Buffer cache output
- Lost root password
 - Single user mode

4.2 Given a scenario, analyze system processes in order to optimize performance.

- Process management
 - Process states
 - Zombie
 - Uninterruptible sleep
 - Interruptible sleep
 - Running
 - Priorities
 - nice
 - renice
 - top
 - Kill signals
 - ps
 - lsof
 - pkill
 - Commands
 - time
 - pgrep
 - PID



4.3 Given a scenario, analyze and troubleshoot user issues.

- Permissions
 - File
 - Directory
- Access
 - Local
 - Remote
- Authentication
 - Local
 - External
 - Policy violations
- File creation
 - Quotas
 - Storage
- Insufficient privileges for authorization
 - SELinux violations
- Environment and shell issues

4.4 Given a scenario, analyze and troubleshoot application and hardware issues.

- SELinux context violations
- Storage
 - Degraded storage
 - Missing devices
 - Missing volumes
 - Missing mount point
 - Performance issues
 - Resource exhaustion
 - Adapters
 - SCSI
 - RAID
 - SATA
 - HBA
 - /sys/class/scsi_host/host#/scan
 - Storage integrity
 - Bad blocks
- Firewall
 - Restrictive ACLs
 - Blocked ports
 - Blocked protocols
- Permission
 - Ownership
 - Executables
 - Inheritance
 - Service accounts
 - Group memberships
- Dependencies
 - Patching
 - Update issues
 - Versioning
 - Libraries
 - Environment variables
 - GCC compatibility
 - Repositories
- Troubleshooting additional hardware issues
 - Memory
 - Printers
 - Video
 - GPU drivers
 - Communications ports
 - USB
 - Keyboard mapping
 - Hardware or software compatibility issues
 - Commands
 - dmidecode
 - lshw