



## 2.0 Network Implementations

### 2.1 Compare and contrast various devices, their features, and their appropriate placement on the network.

#### • Networking devices

- Layer 2 switch
- Layer 3 capable switch
- Router
- Hub
- Access point
- Bridge
- Wireless LAN controller
- Load balancer
- Proxy server
- Cable modem
- DSL modem
- Repeater

- Voice gateway
- Media converter
- Intrusion prevention system (IPS)/intrusion detection system (IDS) device
- Firewall
- VPN headend

#### • Networked devices

- Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) phone
- Printer
- Physical access control devices
- Cameras

- Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) sensors
- Internet of Things (IoT)
  - Refrigerator
  - Smart speakers
  - Smart thermostats
  - Smart doorbells
- Industrial control systems/supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA)

### 2.2 Compare and contrast routing technologies and bandwidth management concepts.

#### • Routing

- Dynamic routing
  - Protocols [Routing Internet Protocol (RIP), Open Shortest Path First (OSPF), Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP), Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)]
  - Link state vs. distance vector vs. hybrid

- Static routing
- Default route
- Administrative distance
- Exterior vs. interior
- Time to live

#### • Bandwidth management

- Traffic shaping
- Quality of service (QoS)



### 2.3 Given a scenario, configure and deploy common Ethernet switching features.

- Data virtual local area network (VLAN)
- Voice VLAN
- Port configurations
  - Port tagging/802.1Q
  - Port aggregation
    - Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
  - Duplex
  - Speed
  - Flow control
  - Port mirroring
- Port security
- Jumbo frames
- Auto-medium-dependent interface crossover (MDI-X)
- Media access control (MAC) address tables
- Power over Ethernet (PoE)/ Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)
- Spanning Tree Protocol
- Carrier-sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD)
- Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
- Neighbor Discovery Protocol

### 2.4 Given a scenario, install and configure the appropriate wireless standards and technologies.

- **802.11 standards**
  - a
  - b
  - g
  - n (WiFi 4)
  - ac (WiFi 5)
  - ax (WiFi 6)
- **Frequencies and range**
  - 2.4GHz
  - 5GHz
- **Channels**
  - Regulatory impacts
- **Channel bonding**
- **Service set identifier (SSID)**
  - Basic service set
  - Extended service set
  - Independent basic service set (Ad-hoc)
  - Roaming
- **Antenna types**
  - Omni
  - Directional
- **Encryption standards**
  - WiFi Protected Access (WPA)/ WPA2 Personal [Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)/ Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)]
  - WPA/WPA2 Enterprise (AES/TKIP)
- **Cellular technologies**
  - Code-division multiple access (CDMA)
  - Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM)
  - Long-Term Evolution (LTE)
  - 3G, 4G, 5G
- **Multiple input, multiple output (MIMO) and multi-user MIMO (MU-MIMO)**