

4.0 Governance, Risk, and Compliance

Given a set of requirements, apply the appropriate risk strategies.

- Risk assessment
 - Likelihood
 - Impact
 - Qualitative vs. quantitative
 - Exposure factor
 - Asset value
 - Total cost of ownership (TCO)
 - Return on investment (ROI)
 - Mean time to recovery (MTTR)
 - Mean time between failure (MTBF)
 - Annualized loss expectancy (ALE)
 - Annualized rate of occurrence (ARO)
 - Single loss expectancy (SLE)
 - Gap analysis
- · Risk handling techniques
 - Transfer
 - Accept
 - Avoid
 - Mitigate

- Risk types
 - Inherent
 - Residual
- Exceptions
- Risk management life cycle
 - Identify
 - Assess
 - Control
 - People
 - Process
 - Technology
 - Protect
 - Detect
 - Respond
 - Restore
 - Review
 - Frameworks

- Risk tracking
 - Risk register
 - Key performance indicators
 - Scalability
 - Reliability
 - Availability
 - Key risk indicators
- · Risk appetite vs. risk tolerance
 - Tradeoff analysis
 - Usability vs. security requirements
- Policies and security practices
 - Separation of duties
 - Job rotation
 - Mandatory vacation
 - Least privilege
 - Employment and
 - termination procedures
 Training and awareness for users
 - Auditing requirements and frequency

Explain the importance of managing and mitigating vendor risk.

- Shared responsibility model (roles/responsibilities)
 - Cloud service provider (CSP)
 - Geographic location
 - Infrastructure
 - Compute
 - Storage
 - Networking
 - Services
 - Client
 - Encryption
 - Operating systems
 - Applications
 - Data

- · Vendor lock-in and vendor lockout
- Vendor viability
 - Financial risk
 - Merger or acquisition risk
- Meeting client requirements
 - Legal
 - Change management
 - Staff turnover
 - Device and technical configurations
- Support availability
- · Geographical considerations
- · Supply chain visibility
- Incident reporting requirements
- Source code escrows
- · Ongoing vendor assessment tools

- Third-party dependencies
 - Code
 - Hardware
 - Modules
- Technical considerations
 - Technical testing
 - Network segmentation
 - Transmission control
 - Shared credentials





Explain compliance frameworks and legal considerations, and their organizational impact.

- Security concerns of integrating diverse industries
- · Data considerations
 - Data sovereignty
 - Data ownership
 - Data classifications
 - Data retention
 - Data types
 - Health
 - Financial
 - Intellectual property
 - Personally identifiable information (PII)
 - Data removal, destruction, and sanitization
- · Geographic considerations
 - Location of data
 - Location of data subject
 - Location of cloud provider

- Third-party attestation of compliance
- Regulations, accreditations, and standards
 - Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
 - General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
 - International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
 - Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI)
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
 - Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA)
 - Common Criteria
 - Cloud Security Alliance (CSA) Security Trust Assurance and Risk (STAR)

· Legal considerations

- Due diligence
- Due care
- Export controls
- Legal holds
- E-discovery

Contract and agreement types

- Service-level agreement (SLA)
- Master service agreement (MSA)
- Non-disclosure agreement (NDA)
- Memorandum of understanding (MOU)
- Interconnection security agreement (ISA)
- Operational-level agreement
- Privacy-level agreement

Explain the importance of business continuity and disaster recovery concepts.

- · Business impact analysis
 - Recovery point objective
 - Recovery time objective
 - Recovery service level
 - Mission essential functions
- · Privacy impact assessment
- Disaster recovery plan (DRP)/ business continuity plan (BCP)
 - Cold site
 - Warm site
 - Hot site - Mobile site

- Incident response plan
 - Roles/responsibilities
 - After-action reports
- Testing plans
 - Checklist
 - Walk-through
 - Tabletop exercises
 - Full interruption test
 - Parallel test/simulation test