

## 5.0 Hardware and Network Troubleshooting

- Given a scenario, apply the best practice methodology to resolve problems.
  - Always consider corporate policies, procedures, and impacts before implementing changes
    - 1. Identify the problem
      - Gather information from the user, identify user changes, and, if applicable, perform backups before making changes
      - Inquire regarding environmental or infrastructure changes

- 2. Establish a theory of probable cause (question the obvious)
  - If necessary, conduct external or internal research based on symptoms
- 3. Test the theory to determine the cause
  - Once the theory is confirmed, determine the next steps to resolve the problem
  - If the theory is not confirmed, re-establish a new theory or escalate

- 4. Establish a plan of action to resolve the problem and implement the solution
  - Refer to the vendor's instructions for guidance
- 5. Verify full system functionality and, if applicable, implement preventive measures
- 6. Document the findings, actions, and outcomes

- Given a scenario, troubleshoot problems related to motherboards, RAM, CPU, and power.
  - Common symptoms
    - Power-on self-test (POST) beeps
    - Proprietary crash screens (blue screen of death [BSOD]/ pinwheel)
- Black screen
- No power
- Sluggish performance
- Overheating
- Burning smell

- Intermittent shutdown
- Application crashes
- Grinding noise
- Capacitor swelling
- Inaccurate system date/time





## Given a scenario, troubleshoot and diagnose problems with storage drives and RAID arrays.

- Common symptoms
  - Light-emitting diode (LED) status indicators
  - Grinding noises
  - Clicking sounds

- Bootable device not found
- Data loss/corruption
- RAID failure
- Self-monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology
- (S.M.A.R.T.) failure
- Extended read/write times
- Input/output operations per second (IOPS)
- Missing drives in OS
- Given a scenario, troubleshoot video, projector, and display issues.
  - Common symptoms
    - Incorrect data source
    - Physical cabling issues
    - Burned-out bulb

- Fuzzy image
- Display burn-in
- Dead pixels
- Flashing screen

- Incorrect color display
- Audio issues
- Dim image
- Intermittent projector shutdown
- Given a scenario, troubleshoot common issues with mobile devices.
  - Common symptoms
    - Poor battery health
    - Swollen battery
    - Broken screen

- Improper charging
- Poor/no connectivity
- Liquid damage
- Overheating

- Digitizer issues
- Physically damaged ports
- Malware
- Cursor drift/touch calibration



## 6.6 Given a scenario, troubleshoot and resolve printer issues.

- Common symptoms
  - Lines down the printed pages
  - Garbled print
  - Toner not fusing to paper
  - Paper jams
  - Faded print
  - Incorrect paper size

- Paper not feeding
- Multipage misfeed
- Multiple prints pending in queue
- Speckling on printed pages
- Double/echo images on the print
- Incorrect color settings
- Grinding noise

- Finishing issues
  - Staple jams
  - Hole punch
- Incorrect page orientation

## Given a scenario, troubleshoot problems with wired and wireless networks.

- Common symptoms
  - Intermittent wireless connectivity
  - Slow network speeds
- Limited connectivity
- Jitter
- Poor Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) quality
- Port flapping
- High latency
- External interference

